(Original Signature of Member)

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To establish a Federal agenda to transform, heal, and renew the United States by investing in a vibrant economy, to provide funds to certain Federal investment programs that meet related labor, equity, and environmental standards, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mrs. DINGELL introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To establish a Federal agenda to transform, heal, and renew the United States by investing in a vibrant economy, to provide funds to certain Federal investment programs that meet related labor, equity, and environmental standards, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Transform, Heal, and
5 Renew by Investing in a Vibrant Economy Act" or the
6 "THRIVE Act".

1 SEC. 2. PURPOSE; POLICY GOALS; AGENDA.

2	(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to mobilize
3	Federal efforts to respond, in a manner that is bold and
4	holistic, to the urgent concurrent crises of racial injustice,
5	the undermining of Tribal sovereignty, mass unemploy-
6	ment and economic inequality, the Coronavirus Disease
7	2019 pandemic, and climate change by establishing a na-
8	tional agenda to transform, heal, and renew the United
9	States to create a society that enables and supports—
10	(1) greater racial, Indigenous, gender, environ-
11	mental, and economic justice;
12	(2) dignified work opportunities;
13	(3) healthy communities;
14	(4) a stable climate; and
15	(5) healthy ecosystems.
16	(b) POLICY GOALS.—It is the policy of the United
17	States—
18	(1) to create and sustain millions of good, safe,
19	family-sustaining jobs with appropriate access to
20	labor organizations;
21	(2) to increase the power of workers to fight in-
22	equality in the workplace;
23	(3) to invest in historically underserved and im-
24	pacted communities, including Black, Tribal, Indige-
25	nous, Latinx, Arab, Asian, and Pacific Islander com-

26 munities, to increase the capacity of those commu-

1	nities to counteract racial, ethnic, gender, and other
2	social and economic injustices;
3	(4) to strengthen and heal the nation-to-nation
4	relationship between the United States and sov-
5	ereign Indian Tribes;
6	(5) to combat environmental injustice and en-
7	sure healthy lives for all people;
8	(6) to avert further climate and environmental
9	catastrophe;
10	(7) to ensure fairness for workers and commu-
11	nities affected by economic transitions; and
12	(8) to reinvest in public sector institutions that
13	enable workers and communities to thrive.
14	(c) Agenda.—
15	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 120 days
16	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Presi-
17	dent, in consultation with the Board, shall establish
18	a 10-year plan, to be known as the "Agenda to
19	Transform, Heal, and Renew by Investing in a Vi-
20	brant Economy", in accordance with which the pur-
21	pose and policy goals described in subsections (a)
22	and (b), respectively, shall be achieved.
23	(2) SUBMISSION.—The agenda established
24	under paragraph (1) shall be submitted to—
25	(A) the National Economic Council; and

(B) the Office of Management and Budget
 for inclusion in each annual budget request sub mitted to Congress under section 1105 of title
 31, United States Code, during the 10-year pe riod covered by the agenda.

6 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

8 (1) ADMINISTERING AGENCY.—The term "ad9 ministering agency" means a Federal department or
10 agency with administrative jurisdiction over a quali11 fied investment program.

(2) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the
Transform, Heal, and Renew by Investing in a Vibrant Economy Recovery Board established under
section 4(a).

16 (3) CARE WORKER.—The term "care worker"
17 means any individual who provides paid or unpaid
18 child care or dependent adult care, including—

19 (A) a domestic worker;

- 20 (B) a health care worker;
- 21 (C) a home health aide; and
- 22 (D) a nanny.

23 (4) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY.—
24 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "environ-

25 mental justice community" means a low-income

1	or low-wealth community facing environmental
2	injustice.
3	(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "environ-
4	mental justice community" includes any com-
5	munity that, as determined by the Board, in
6	consultation with the White House Environ-
7	mental Justice Advisory Council and the Na-
8	tional Environmental Justice Advisory Coun-
9	cil—
10	(i) is located nearest to an existing
11	area of grave environmental pollution and
12	degradation;
13	(ii) bears a burden of negative public
14	health effects of pollution;
15	(iii) includes 1 or more sites of—
16	(I) a facility that is a part of a
17	polluting industry;
18	(II) a waste dump; or
19	(III) a facility for resource ex-
20	traction;
21	(iv) experiences a high incidence of
22	climate change impacts and extreme
23	weather disasters;

1	(v) has been excluded or harmed by
2	racist or discriminatory policies that have
3	resulted in economic or health disparities;
4	(vi) has a land-based or food subsist-
5	ence culture that is experiencing ecosystem
6	disruption and devastation;
7	(vii) faces relocation and resettlement
8	resulting from—
9	(I) climate change;
10	(II) impacts to the environment
11	and ecosystems; or
12	(III) impacts associated with eco-
13	nomic inequities; or
14	(viii) is an Indigenous community.
15	(5) Equity Assessment.—The term "equity
16	assessment", with respect to an investment, pro-
17	gram, plan, regulation, or operational decision, mean
18	an assessment (which may include the assignment of
19	an equity score)—
20	(A) to evaluate the social, economic, and
21	environmental impacts of the investment, pro-
22	gram, plan, regulation, or decision on—
23	(i) impacted communities; and
24	(ii) environmental justice commu-
25	nities; and

1	(B) the goals of which are—
2	(i) to address historic inequality;
3	(ii) to ensure an equitable outcome;
4	(iii) to prevent further concentration
5	of pollution in areas experiencing an al-
6	ready high concentration of a pollutant or
7	other toxic substance; and
8	(iv) to minimize inadvertent dis-
9	proportionate social, economic, and envi-
10	ronmental effects of the investment, pro-
11	gram, plan, regulation, or decision.
12	(6) FAMILY-SUSTAINING JOB.—The term "fam-
13	ily-sustaining job" means an employment oppor-
14	tunity that provides an individual with a wage that
15	is sufficient to cover necessary expenses for the fam-
16	ily of the individual, such as food, medical care,
17	child care, housing, and transportation, without re-
18	quiring reliance by the family on financial assistance
19	from any other source.
20	(7) Federal spending program.—The term
21	"Federal spending program" means any program,
22	project, or other activity—
23	(A) carried out by, or pursuant to a con-
24	tract with, a Federal department or agency;
25	and

8

(B) for which Federal funds are made

2 available. 3 (8) HIGH-ROAD LABOR, EQUITY, OR ENVIRON-4 MENTAL CONDITION.—The term "high-road labor, 5 equity, or environmental condition" means any con-6 dition on the provision of Federal funding for a 7 qualified investment program, as established by the 8 President, based on advice of the Board, under sec-9 tion 5(d)(3)(A). 10 (9) IMPACTED COMMUNITY.— 11 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "impacted 12 community" means a community that is 13 harmed by environmental, economic, or socio-14 economic injustice. 15 (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "impacted community" includes— 16 17 (i) an environmental justice commu-18 nity; and 19 (ii) a community that, as determined 20 by the Board, in consultation with the 21 White House Environmental Justice Advi-

mental Justice Advisory Council—

sory Council and the National Environ-

24 (I) has a high concentration of25 low-income and low-wealth house-

22

1	holds, including households comprised
2	primarily of members of groups that
3	have historically experienced discrimi-
4	nation on the basis of race, gender,
5	national origin, or ethnicity (including
6	Black, Indigenous, Latinx, Arab,
7	Asian, and Pacific Islander commu-
8	nities); or
9	(II) faces economic transition,
10	deindustrialization, historic under-
11	investment, and poverty.
12	(10) IMPLEMENTING ENTITY.—The term "im-
13	plementing entity" means any public or private enti-
14	ty (including any Federal, Tribal, State, or local
15	agency and any firm, supplier, or subcontractor
16	throughout the supply chain) that carries out a
17	qualified investment program using public support.
18	(11) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
19	means an Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, na-
20	tion, pueblo, village, or community that the Sec-
21	retary of the Interior acknowledges to exist as an In-
22	dian Tribe pursuant to the Federally Recognized In-
23	dian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 5130 et
24	seq.).

1	(12) Indigenous community.—The term "In-
2	digenous community" means—
3	(A) an Indian Tribe;
4	(B) a Native Hawaiian organization;
5	(C) a State-recognized Indian tribe;
6	(D) any reservation-based, urban Indige-
7	nous, or intertribal community, group, organi-
8	zation, or coalition; and
9	(E) an Alaska Native village.
10	(13) Public support.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "public sup-
12	port" means any financial or in-kind contribu-
13	tion provided by the President under section 5
14	for the administration, development, or imple-
15	mentation of a qualified investment program
16	carried out under this Act.
17	(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "public sup-
18	port" includes—
19	(i) technical support;
20	(ii) grants;
21	(iii) loans;
22	(iv) investments; and
23	(v) equity stakes.
24	(14) QUALIFIED INVESTMENT PROGRAM.—The
25	term "qualified investment program" means any

	11
1	Federal spending program certified by the President
2	pursuant to section $5(c)$.
3	(15) STATE.—The term "State" means—
4	(A) a State;
5	(B) the District of Columbia;
6	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
7	and
8	(D) any other territory or possession of the
9	United States.
10	SEC. 4. THRIVE RECOVERY BOARD.
11	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 60 days after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the President shall es-
13	tablish an advisory board, to be known as the "Transform,
14	Heal, and Renew by Investing in a Vibrant Economy Re-
15	covery Board", to advise the President and the heads of
16	appropriate Federal departments and agencies regarding
17	the implementation of this Act.
18	(b) Membership.—
19	(1) Composition.—The Board shall be com-
20	posed of 20 members who, as determined by the
21	President—
22	(A) provide diverse and fair representation
23	from—
24	(i) impacted communities;

1	(ii) allies identified by impacted com-
2	munities;
3	(iii) Indigenous communities; and
4	(iv) labor organizations; and
5	(B) are qualified, through education, train-
6	ing, and experience, to evaluate information re-
7	lating to matters referred to the Board.
8	(2) Appointment.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The members of the
10	Board shall be appointed by the President from
11	among individuals recommended by interested
12	individuals and entities.
13	(B) PROHIBITION.—A member of the
14	Board may not be an employee or former em-
15	ployee of the Federal Government.
16	(3) TERM; VACANCIES.—
17	(A) TERM.—A member of the Board—
18	(i) shall be appointed to serve the
19	Board for an initial term of 3 years; and
20	(ii) may be reappointed to serve not
21	more than 1 additional term of not longer
22	than 3 years.
23	(B) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the
24	Board-

1	(i) shall not affect the powers of the
2	Board; and
3	(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
4	as the original appointment was made.
5	(4) CHAIRPERSON.—The Board shall select a
6	chairperson from among the members of the Board.
7	(5) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 14 days
8	after the date on which all members of the Board
9	have been appointed, the Board shall hold the initial
10	meeting of the Board.
11	(6) MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet at the
12	call of the chairperson.
13	(7) QUORUM.—A majority of members of the
14	Board shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser num-
15	ber of members may hold hearings.
16	(8) TREATMENT AND COMPENSATION.—A
17	member of the Board shall be—
18	(A) a full-time employee of the Board; and
19	(B) compensated at such rate as the Presi-
20	dent may establish, not to exceed the maximum
21	amount of compensation payable to a member
22	of the Senior Executive Service under section
23	5382(b) of title 5, United States Code.
24	(c) DUTIES.—
25	(1) Proposed Criteria.—

1	(A) PRECERTIFICATION AND INVESTMENT
2	REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 120 days
3	after the date of enactment of this Act, the
4	Board shall develop and submit to the Presi-
5	dent proposed criteria for—
6	(i) precertification of existing Federal
7	spending programs under section
8	5(c)(1)(A); and
9	(ii) certification of existing and new
10	Federal spending programs as qualified in-
11	vestment programs with respect to re-
12	quired investments, in accordance with sec-
13	tion $5(d)(2)$.
14	(B) HIGH-ROAD LABOR, EQUITY, AND EN-
15	VIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
17	days after the date of enactment of this
18	Act, the Board shall develop and submit to
19	the President proposed criteria for certifi-
20	cation of existing and new Federal spend-
21	ing programs as qualified investment pro-
22	grams with respect to high-road labor, eq-
23	uity, and environmental conditions, in ac-
24	cordance with section $5(d)(3)(A)$.

1	(ii) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—In de-
2	veloping the proposed criteria relating to
3	high-road labor, equity, and environmental
4	conditions under clause (i), the Board
5	shall—
6	(I) make the proposed criteria
7	available for public comment; and
8	(II) host public hearings and
9	other direct engagement opportunities
10	for impacted communities and Indige-
11	nous communities.
12	(iii) PUBLICATION.—Not later than
13	190 days after the date of enactment of
14	this Act, the President shall publish in the
15	Federal Register the proposed criteria de-
16	veloped by the Board under clause (i).
17	(2) Study.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently
19	than annually, the Board shall conduct a study
20	of all matters relating to qualified investment
21	programs.
22	(B) INCLUSIONS.—The study conducted by
23	the Board under subparagraph (A) shall include
24	an evaluation of—

1	(i) any legislative or administrative
2	actions (including with respect to invest-
3	ment requirements and other criteria
4	under section 5(d)) carried out under this
5	Act during the period covered by the study;
6	(ii) the degree to which qualified in-
7	vestment programs have contributed to
8	achieving the policy goals described in sec-
9	tion $2(b)$;
10	(iii) the effectiveness of the criteria
11	relating to investment requirements estab-
12	lished under section $5(d)(2)$ in achieving
13	those policy goals; and
14	(iv) practicable modifications to those
15	requirements to better achieve those goals.
16	(3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Board shall de-
17	velop recommendations regarding—
18	(A) the method by which the President can
19	effectuate the Agenda to Transform, Heal, and
20	Renew by Investing in a Vibrant Economy es-
21	tablished under section $2(c)(1)$ pursuant to the
22	annual budget request submitted to Congress
23	under section 1105 of title 31, United States
24	Code;

1	(B) the means by which Federal spending
2	programs may be certified under section $5(d)$ as
3	qualified investment programs to receive public
4	support under this Act;
5	(C) legislative and administrative actions
6	(including with respect to investment require-
7	ments and other criteria) to best achieve the
8	purpose and policy goals described in section 2;
9	(D) the effectiveness of the criteria relat-
10	ing to investment requirements established
11	under section $5(d)(2)$ in achieving those policy
12	goals; and
13	(E) modifications to those criteria, if any.
14	(4) Reports.—
15	(A) STUDY AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—
16	(i) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently
17	than annually, the Board shall submit to
18	the President and Congress a report that
19	contains—
20	(I) a detailed statement of the
21	findings and conclusions of the Board
22	under paragraph (2); and
23	(II) the recommendations of the
24	Board under paragraph (3).

1	(ii) PUBLICATION.—The President
2	shall publish each report submitted by the
3	Board under clause (i) in the Federal Reg-
4	ister.
5	(B) HIGH-ROAD LABOR, EQUITY, AND EN-
6	VIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.—
7	(i) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently
8	than once every 2 years, the Board shall
9	submit to the President and Congress a re-
10	port assessing—
11	(I) the degree of compliance by
12	implementing entities with applicable
13	high-road labor, equity, and environ-
14	mental conditions; and
15	(II) the relative efficacy of en-
16	forcement by administering agencies
17	of those high-road labor, equity, and
18	environmental conditions.
19	(ii) Community impact assess-
20	MENTS.—The Board shall conduct regular
21	regional community impact assessments to
22	gather information for each report sub-
23	mitted under clause (i).
24	(d) POWERS.—

1	(1) HEARINGS.—The Board may hold such
2	hearings, meet and act at such times and places,
3	take such testimony, and receive such evidence as
4	the Board considers to be advisable to carry out this
5	Act.
6	(2) INFORMATION FROM AGENCIES.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board may secure
8	directly from a Federal department or agency
9	such information as the Board considers to be
10	necessary to carry out this Act.
11	(B) Provision of information.—On re-
12	quest of the chairperson of the Board, the head
13	of a Federal department or agency shall provide
14	any requested information to the Board.
15	(3) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Board may use
16	the United States mails in the same manner and
17	under the same conditions as other Federal depart-
18	ments and agencies.
19	(4) GIFTS.—The Board may accept, use, and
20	dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.
21	(e) INAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Federal Advi-
22	sory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to
23	the Board.

1	SEC. 5. TRANSFORM, HEAL, AND RENEW BY INVESTING IN
2	A VIBRANT ECONOMY (THRIVE) QUALIFIED
3	INVESTMENT PROGRAMS.
4	(a) Establishment.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall establish
6	and carry out a program under which the President
7	shall provide public support in accordance with this
8	Act to implementing entities to carry out 1 or more
9	qualified investment programs certified by the Presi-
10	dent, in consultation with the Board, under sub-
11	section (d).
12	(2) CONDITION OF RECEIPT.—As a condition of
13	receiving public support under this section, an imple-
14	menting entity shall agree to carry out each applica-
15	ble qualified investment program—
16	(A) pursuant to a contract or agreement
17	with the administering agency; and
18	(B) subject to oversight by—
19	(i) the administering agency; and
20	(ii) the President, in consultation with
21	the Board.
22	(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
23	There are authorized to be appropriated to the
24	President to carry out the program under this sec-
25	tion such sums as are necessary, but not less than

1	\$1,000,000,000,000, for each of fiscal years 2022
2	through 2032.
3	(b) TARGETS.—In selecting implementing entities to
4	receive public support under this section, the President
5	shall ensure that, in the aggregate, the qualified invest-
6	ment programs funded under this section will enable—
7	(1) the creation and support of not fewer than
8	15,500,000 family-sustaining jobs;
9	(2) the achievement of—
10	(A) full employment; and
11	(B) economic security for all individuals;
12	(3) the meaningful and measurable counter-
13	action of racial, ethnic, Indigenous, gender, and
14	other social, economic, and environmental injustices;
15	(4) by not later than December 31, 2025, 100 $$
16	percent of all newly constructed buildings in the
17	United States (including territories) to be zero-emis-
18	sion buildings;
19	(5) a rapid transition to ensure—
20	(A) 100 percent of all new vehicles pur-
21	chased in the United States (including terri-
22	tories) are zero-emission vehicles; and
23	(B) the deployment of a nationwide net-
24	work of zero-emission vehicle infrastructure;

1	(6) by not later than December 31, 2030, the
2	majority of the population of the United States (in-
3	cluding territories) to reside within walking distance
4	of frequent, high-quality, affordable, clean energy-
5	powered or zero-emission public transit and bikeable
6	and walkable transportation infrastructure to reduce
7	emissions from the transportation sector;
8	(7) by not later than December 31, 2035, the
9	achievement of 100-percent clean energy generation
10	throughout the United States (including territories),
11	with priority given to deployment of renewable en-
12	ergy; and
13	(8) by not later than December 31, 2035, the
14	conversion of all school buses in operation in the
15	United States as of that date (including diesel school
16	buses) to zero-emission school buses.
17	(c) Certification of Federal Spending Pro-
18	grams as Qualified Investment Programs.—
19	(1) PROCESS.—
20	(A) REGULAR CERTIFICATION.—
21	(i) IN GENERAL.—The President shall
22	establish a process under which the Presi-
23	dent, in consultation with the Board, may
24	certify, in accordance with this section, an
25	existing or new Federal spending program

that is the subject of a nomination under
 paragraph (2) as a qualified investment
 program.

4 (ii) **PRECERTIFICATION.**—The process under clause (i) shall include a process for 5 6 precertification by the President of existing 7 Federal spending programs as qualified in-8 vestment programs, if the President deter-9 mines that the existing Federal spending 10 programs are consistent with the policy 11 goals described in section 2(b).

12 (B) EXPEDITED PROCESS FOR INTERIM 13 CERTIFICATION.—

14 (i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 15 days after the date of enactment of this 16 Act, the President, in coordination with 17 the Director of the Office of Management 18 and Budget, the Chairperson of the Coun-19 cil on Environmental Quality, and the 20 White House Domestic Climate Advisor, 21 shall establish an expedited process to pro-22 vide interim certification of appropriate ex-23 isting Federal spending programs as quali-24 fied investment programs for receipt of 25 public support under this section to enable

1	the rapid disbursal of funds urgently need-
2	ed for economic recovery.
3	(ii) INCLUSION.—The expedited proc-
4	ess established under clause (i) shall in-
5	clude an expedited process for nomination

6 by interested Federal departments and 7 agencies, Indian Tribes, stakeholders, and 8 members of the public of existing Federal 9 spending programs for interim certification 10 under this subparagraph.

(iii) USE OF CRITERIA.—The criteria
described in subsection (d) shall apply to
the expedited process established under
clause (i).

15 (2) Nominations.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 240 16 17 days after the date of enactment of this Act, 18 any interested Federal department or agency, 19 Indian Tribe, stakeholder, or member of the 20 public may submit to the President and the 21 Board a nomination of an existing or new Fed-22 eral spending program for certification as a 23 qualified investment program under this subsection. 24

1	(B) EFFECT.—The President may not cer-
2	tify a Federal spending program as a qualified
3	investment program under this subsection un-
4	less the Federal spending program is the sub-
5	ject of a nomination submitted under subpara-
6	graph (A).
7	(3) CERTIFICATION.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 300
9	days after the date of enactment of this Act, for
10	each Federal spending program nominated
11	under paragraph (2), the President, in con-
12	sultation with the Board, shall—
13	(i) determine whether the Federal
14	spending program—
15	(I) achieves compliance with the
16	applicable criteria described in sub-
17	section (d); and
18	(II) includes or establishes an en-
19	vironmental justice screening in ac-
20	cordance with subparagraph (B), for
21	the purpose of preventing projects
22	from concentrating pollution and dis-
23	proportionate health and economic
24	burdens on impacted communities;
25	and

1	(ii) on making a positive determina-
2	tion under each of subclauses (I) and (II)
3	of clause (i)—
4	(I) approve the nomination of the
5	Federal spending program under
6	paragraph (2); and
7	(II) certify the Federal spending
8	program as a qualified investment
9	program for purposes of this Act.
10	(B) Environmental justice screen-
11	ING.—An environmental justice screening under
12	subparagraph (A)(i)(II) shall include an evalua-
13	tion, over the lifecycle of the applicable Federal
14	spending program, of—
15	(i) lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions
16	under the Federal spending program, in-
17	cluding direct, indirect, and supply chain
18	emissions, taking into consideration mate-
19	rials and operations;
20	(ii) the cumulative toxic pollution
21	emitted under the Federal spending pro-
22	gram;
23	(iii) resource depletion caused by the
24	Federal spending program;

1	(iv) the biodiversity and climate
2	change impacts of the Federal spending
3	program; and
4	(v) the lifecycle social and cultural im-
5	pacts of the Federal spending program.
6	(C) PUBLICATION.—Each determination of
7	the President under subparagraph (A) relating
8	to a Federal spending program shall be pub-
9	lished in the Federal Register, together with the
10	rationale of the President and the Board for
11	approving or disapproving the nomination of
12	the Federal spending program.
13	(4) DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDING.—The Presi-
14	dent shall distribute to implementing entities the
15	amounts made available to carry out this section, on
16	an equitable basis pursuant to paragraph (5)—
17	(A) as soon as practicable for each quali-
18	fied investment program for which an interim
19	certification is provided under the expedited
20	process under paragraph $(1)(B)$; and
21	(B) by not later than 1 year after the date
22	of enactment of this Act for each qualified in-
23	vestment program certified under paragraph
24	(3).

1 (5) Equitable allocation of funds.—In 2 distributing amounts under paragraph (4), the 3 President, in consultation with the Board, shall col-4 laborate with the head of each administering agency 5 to ensure that— 6 (A) of the total amount of public support 7 provided under this Act for qualified investment 8 programs under the jurisdiction of the admin-9 istering agency, not less than 50 percent shall 10 be invested in impacted communities in a mean-11 ingful and measurable manner, subject to the 12 condition that the public support shall be dis-13 tributed— 14 (i) proportionately, and with priority 15 given to communities that have been disenfranchised from generational wealth— 16 17 (I) to repair past harm; and 18 (II) to advance equity; and 19 (ii) based on a mandatory equity as-20 sessment-21 (I) to identify potential dis-22 proportionate impacts; and 23 (II) to support more equitable 24

outcomes of— (aa) investments; and

1	(bb) programs, plans, regu-
2	lations, and operational decisions;
3	(B) the public support provided to the ad-
4	ministering agency under this Act shall be equi-
5	tably distributed across all States, based on
6	population size and poverty level, subject to the
7	condition that the shares of funding for each of
8	the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
9	Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands,
10	Guam, and any other territory or possession of
11	the United States shall be—
12	(i) not less than proportional to the
13	population of that jurisdiction; and
14	(ii) responsive to the unique and spe-
15	cific challenges faced by the residents of
16	those jurisdictions; and
17	(C) Tribal, State, and local units of gov-
18	ernment shall be adequately funded to develop,
19	administer, service, support, and monitor quali-
20	fied investment programs, as applicable, to en-
21	sure that no unfunded mandate is imposed on
22	those governments.
23	(d) Criteria.—
24	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall es-
25	tablish such criteria as the President determines to

1	be appropriate, in accordance with paragraphs (2)
2	through (4) and taking into consideration the pro-
3	posed criteria developed by the Board under section
4	$4(c)(1), \text{ for}_{}$
5	(A) the precertification of existing Federal
6	spending programs under subsection
7	(c)(1)(A)(ii); and
8	(B) the certification of new Federal spend-
9	ing programs and existing Federal spending
10	programs that receive precertification under
11	subsection $(c)(1)(A)(ii)$ as qualified investment
12	programs under subsection $(c)(3)$, if the Fed-
13	eral spending programs—
14	(i) are consistent with the policy goals
15	described in section 2(b); and
16	(ii) achieve compliance with, as appli-
17	cable—
18	(I) the investment requirements
19	described in paragraph (2);
20	(II) the high-road labor, equity,
21	and environmental conditions de-
22	scribed in paragraph (3); and
23	(III) the prohibitions described in
24	paragraph (4).

1	(2) Investment requirements.—To be eligi-
2	ble for certification as a qualified investment pro-
3	gram under subsection (c), a Federal spending pro-
4	gram shall invest in 1 or more of the following:
5	(A) INFRASTRUCTURE.—Upgrades to inad-
6	equate infrastructure and infrastructure oper-
7	ations to expand access to—
8	(i) pollution-free, renewable, and af-
9	fordable energy, including wind and solar
10	energy;
11	(ii) transportation;
12	(iii) high-speed broadband internet; or
13	(iv) drinking water and wastewater,
14	particularly for public systems.
15	(B) Social infrastructure.—Support
16	of care workers and social infrastructure, by—
17	(i) rebuilding vital public services;
18	(ii) strengthening social infrastructure
19	to address, mitigate, and adapt to crises;
20	or
21	(iii) expanding the low-carbon public
22	health care infrastructure of the United
23	States, including through investment in—
24	(I) hospitals;
25	(II) public or Tribal schools;

	32
1	(III) child care;
2	(IV) home care or elder care;
3	(V) mental health care;
4	(VI) care workers;
5	(VII) expanding access to qual-
6	ity, secure, affordable health care and
7	homes; or
8	(VIII) increasing jobs, employ-
9	ment protection, wages, and benefits
10	for historically underpaid, unpaid, and
11	undervalued care workers.
12	(C) HOUSING.—Expanded access to hous-
13	ing, without displacing existing residents or
14	community-serving entities, by—
15	(i) investing in housing by modern-
16	izing and retrofitting homes, schools, of-
17	fices, industrial buildings, and apartment
18	buildings, including tenant-owned and com-
19	munity-owned properties—
20	(I) to decrease pollution; and
21	(II) to maintain affordability by
22	decreasing costs to low-income com-
23	munities and Indigenous communities;

1	(ii) ensuring an increase in accessible
2	units for individuals with disabilities and
3	chronic illnesses; or
4	(iii) mitigating and adapting to ex-
5	treme weather impacts.
6	(D) Ecosystems.—Supporting eco-
7	systems, by—
8	(i) protecting and restoring biodiver-
9	sity or natural habitat, including wetlands,
10	forests, prairies, deserts, aquifers, ground-
11	water, public land, and Indian land;
12	(ii) remediating pollution in impacted
13	communities, including—
14	(I) Superfund sites on the Na-
15	tional Priorities List developed by the
16	President in accordance with section
17	105(a)(8)(B) of that Act (42 U.S.C.
18	9605(a)(8)(B));
19	(II) brownfield sites (as defined
20	in section 101 of the Comprehensive
21	Environmental Response, Compensa-
22	tion, and Liability Act of 1980 (42)
23	U.S.C. 9601)); and
24	(III) abandoned fossil fuel infra-
25	structure; or

1	(iii) ensuring sustainable resource use.
2	(E) AGRICULTURE.—Supporting agri-
3	culture, by—
4	(i) creating opportunities for family,
5	Indigenous, and Black farmers and ranch-
6	ers, rural communities, and urban agri-
7	culture, including by disentangling the
8	hyperconsolidated food supply chain;
9	(ii) supporting agroecology;
10	(iii) supporting regenerative agri-
11	culture; or
12	(iv) investing in local and regional
13	food systems that support farmers, agricul-
14	tural workers, healthy soil, and climate re-
15	silience.
16	(F) INDUSTRY.—Developing and trans-
17	forming the industrial base of the United
18	States, while creating high-skill, high-wage
19	manufacturing jobs and nonextractive, nature-
20	based jobs and opportunities for locally and
21	Tribally owned businesses throughout the
22	United States, including by—
23	(i) expanding manufacturing of clean
24	technologies;
25	(ii) reducing industrial pollution; and

1	(iii) prioritizing domestic production
2	for an investment described in clause (i) or
3	(ii).
4	(3) HIGH-ROAD LABOR, EQUITY, AND ENVIRON-
5	MENTAL CONDITIONS.—
6	(A) CONDITIONS.—To be eligible for cer-
7	tification as a qualified investment program
8	under subsection (c), a Federal spending pro-
9	gram shall achieve compliance with, as applica-
10	ble, the following high-road labor, equity, and
11	environmental conditions:
12	(i) Empowering workers against
13	INEQUALITY.—Increase the power of work-
14	ers to oppose inequality by—
15	(I) ensuring that no investment
16	made under the Federal spending pro-
17	gram degrades the quality of jobs or
18	obstructs the right of workers—
19	(aa) to form or join a labor
20	organization;
21	(bb) to bargain collectively
22	over terms and conditions of em-
23	ployment; or

	00
1	(cc) to engage in other con-
2	certed activities for mutual aid or
3	protection;
4	(II) creating quality jobs that
5	provide—
6	(aa) family-sustaining job
7	benefits and wages equal to not
8	less than the greater of—
9	(AA) \$15 per hour; and
10	(BB) the prevailing
11	wage for jobs of a similar
12	nature;
13	(bb) the right of workers to
14	form or join a labor organization
15	and engage in collective bar-
16	gaining, free of harassment and
17	intimidation;
18	(cc) child care support;
19	(dd) not fewer than 84 days
20	per calendar year of paid family
21	leave;
22	(ee) not fewer than 14 days
23	per calendar year of paid sick
24	leave;

1	(ff) not fewer than 14 days
2	per calendar year of paid vaca-
3	tion;
4	(gg) robust worker safety
5	standards; and
6	(hh) the right of workers to
7	not be disciplined or discharged
8	except for just cause;
9	(III) including all affected care
10	workers and agricultural workers in
11	worker protections and investments
12	under the Federal spending program;
13	(IV) advancing principles and
14	policies that ensure or support—
15	(aa) more effective and
16	timely remedies in cases in which
17	employers interfere with the
18	rights of workers;
19	(bb) expanded freedom for
20	workers to organize without em-
21	ployer interference;
22	(cc) requiring employers to
23	submit to interest arbitration for
24	purposes of establishing an initial
25	collective bargaining agreement

	00
1	following the initial certification
2	or recognition of a collective bar-
3	gaining representative in any
4	case in which, after a reasonable
5	period, collective bargaining fails
6	to produce an initial collective
7	bargaining agreement;
8	(dd) allowing collective bar-
9	gaining agreements covering pri-
10	vate-sector workers to include
11	agency shop agreements, subject
12	to the condition that those agree-
13	ments shall be valid and enforce-
14	able, notwithstanding—
15	(AA) section 14(b) of
16	the National Labor Rela-
17	tions Act (29 U.S.C.
18	164(b)); or
19	(BB) any applicable
20	State or territorial law;
21	(ee) protecting strikes and
22	other concerted worker activities,
23	including by prohibiting perma-
24	nent replacement of striking

workers; and

1 (ff) expansion of organizing	1
2 and bargaining rights for work-	2
3 ers;	3
4 (V) with respect to the engage-	4
5 ment of employers by the Federal	5
6 spending program—	6
7 (aa) avoiding the use of any	7
8 employer that—	8
9 (AA) misclassifies em-	9
0 ployees as independent con-	10
1 tractors; or	11
2 (BB) seeks to use a	12
3 corporate structure to	13
4 hinder collective bargaining	14
5 on a companywide, regional,	15
6 or national basis; and	16
7 (bb) giving preference to the	17
8 use of any employer that recog-	18
9 nizes, and agrees to collectively	19
0 bargain with, any labor organiza-	20
1 tion that obtains written author-	21
2 ization from a majority of em-	22
3 ployees in any appropriate bar-	23
4 gaining unit stating that the em-	24

	IV
1	ployees wish to be represented by
2	the labor organization;
3	(VI) using project labor agree-
4	ments or community workforce agree-
5	ments, where appropriate;
6	(VII) supporting domestic job
7	creation by applying and fortifying do-
8	mestic content standards, such as the
9	standards under chapter 83 of title
10	41, United States Code (formerly
11	known as the "Buy American Act"),
12	including among contractors and sub-
13	contractors of a primary employer;
14	(VIII) creating pathways of op-
15	portunity, particularly for priority
16	groups described in subparagraph (B),
17	including by supporting—
18	(aa) community benefits
19	agreements;
20	(bb) local hire standards;
21	(cc) high-road training part-
22	nerships; and
23	(dd) access to registered ap-
24	prenticeship and
25	preapprenticeship programs in

1	communities of all sizes across
2	the United States; and
3	(IX) where appropriate, using the
4	rescission of a contract under the
5	Federal spending program as an en-
6	forcement mechanism in any case in
7	which an employer engaged by the
8	Federal spending program has vio-
9	lated—
10	(aa) a provision of an appli-
11	cable contract; or
12	(bb) a Federal labor or em-
13	ployment law (including regula-
14	tions).
15	(ii) HISTORICALLY UNDERSERVED
16	AND IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.—Invest in
17	historically underserved communities and
18	impacted communities, to increase the
19	power of those communities and counteract
20	racial, ethnic, gender, and other social and
21	economic injustices by—
22	(I) ensuring no investment made
23	under the Federal spending pro-
24	gram—

1	(aa) damages such a com-
2	munity; or
3	(bb) reduces the ability of
4	residents, businesses, and institu-
5	tions of the community to live
6	and operate with equity and dig-
7	nity;
8	(II) ensuring that those commu-
9	nities have—
10	(aa) the ability to democrat-
11	ically plan, implement, and ad-
12	minister projects under the Fed-
13	eral spending program, where ap-
14	plicable, including through part-
15	nership with, and oversight by,
16	community residents, scholars,
17	and community-based organiza-
18	tions; and
19	(bb) meaningful involvement
20	in the implementation and gov-
21	ernance of proposed activities
22	under the Federal spending pro-
23	gram;
24	(III) including a mandatory eq-
25	uity assessment to identify potential

2

3

4

43

disproportionate impacts and support more-equitable outcomes of investments, programs, plans, regulations, and operational decisions;

5 (IV) addressing historic discrimi-6 natory practices in hiring, investment, 7 and procurement by prioritizing local 8 and equitable hiring and contracting 9 that creates opportunities for priority 10 groups described in subparagraph (B), 11 including a requirement to hire and 12 contract with members of those pri-13 ority groups at a rate that is not less 14 than twice the average rate reflected 15 in the industry standard of that hir-16 ing;

17 (V) including specific fair hire
18 provisions, including those similar to
19 "Ban the Box" provisions, that sup20 port traditionally marginalized work21 ers;

(VI) increasing equitable public education opportunities by including career and technical education pathways that prepare youth (especially

22

23

24

1	youth who are members of historically
2	marginalized communities or impacted
3	communities) for high-quality jobs, in-
4	cluding access to quality workforce
5	training and registered apprentice-
6	ships;
7	(VII)(aa) ensuring that any in-
8	vestment made under the Federal
9	spending program to upgrade a build-
10	ing does not displace any existing resi-
11	dent or community-serving entity oc-
12	cupying the building; and
13	(bb) investing in the creation of
14	new low- or zero-emission public hous-
15	ing and affordable housing, including
16	through community land trusts;
17	(VIII) centering and uplifting
18	historically underserved communities,
19	impacted communities, and workers
20	located in rural areas, including by
21	developing provisions—
22	(aa) to improve the status of
23	impacted agricultural producers
24	and workers; and

1	(bb) for Federal spending
2	programs carried out by the De-
3	partment of Agriculture, to end
4	the systematic mistreatment of
5	those producers and workers by
6	the Department;
7	(IX) directing funds to support,
8	create, and provide debt relief, where
9	appropriate, to community-owned and
10	operated organizations, including—
11	(aa) electric cooperatives;
12	(bb) worker-owned coopera-
13	tives engaging in sustainability
14	initiatives;
15	(cc) community land trusts;
16	and
17	(dd) publicly owned or com-
18	munity-owned entities, includ-
19	ing—
20	(AA) not-for-profit pub-
21	lic power utilities;
22	(BB) not-for-profit
23	public water utilities; and
24	(CC) tribally owned or
25	operated utilities; and

1	(X) directing funds to support
2	and diversify local economies and cre-
3	ate opportunities for entrepreneur-
4	ship.
5	(iii) Indian tribes and indigenous
6	COMMUNITIES.—Heal and reinforce the na-
7	tion-to-nation relationship between the
8	United States and Indian Tribes by—
9	(I) carrying out the responsibil-
10	ities of the administering agency de-
11	scribed in section 6(b);
12	(II) preserving and protecting sa-
13	cred and cultural sites of significance
14	to Indian Tribes and Indigenous com-
15	munities in carrying out the Federal
16	spending program;
17	(III) providing significantly ex-
18	panded funding to Indian Tribes and
19	Indigenous communities for recovery
20	and relief with respect to establishing
21	sustainable economies and jobs based
22	on the principle known as "Indigenous
23	Just Transition'';

	TI
1	(IV) prioritizing investments in
2	Tribal and local community-based
3	projects that contribute to—
4	(aa) improved infrastruc-
5	ture, health care, clean water,
6	and sanitation;
7	(bb) food sovereignty and
8	agroecological farming;
9	(cc) housing, with signifi-
10	cantly expanded investments in
11	local and community-based hous-
12	ing; and
13	(dd) renewable energy;
14	(V) providing equitable funding
15	for environmental and ecosystems
16	management, clean-up, and remedi-
17	ation of contaminated and hazardous
18	sites on and near Indian land, includ-
19	ing Federal and State land located
20	near Indian land or Indigenous com-
21	munities;
22	(VI) addressing Tribal housing
23	needs by—
24	(aa) significantly expanding
25	funding to meet housing and

1	community development needs on
2	Indian land, including needs re-
3	lating to health, water, and sani-
4	tation;
5	(bb) advancing the goals of
6	the Native American Housing
7	Assistance and Self-Determina-
8	tion Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C.
9	4101 et seq.); and
10	(cc) allowing for innovative
11	and alternative community-based
12	housing programs based on tradi-
13	tional Indigenous design, the use
14	of local natural materials, and lo-
15	calized training and employment;
16	and
17	(VII) adequately and equitably
18	addressing violence against Indige-
19	nous women, Indigenous trans women
20	and femmes, and Indigenous children,
21	in a manner that is inclusive of the
22	inherent authority of Indian Tribes
23	with respect to that violence.

1	(iv) Environmental justice.—
2	Combat environmental injustice and ensure
3	healthy lives for all individuals by—
4	(I) promoting and including
5	meaningful involvement by impacted
6	communities, particularly the most
7	vulnerable environmental justice com-
8	munities, in the implementation and
9	governance of proposed programs and
10	expenditures in a manner that aligns
11	and is consistent with the principles
12	entitled "Jemez Principles for Demo-
13	cratic Organizing" and dated Decem-
14	ber 1996;
15	(II) holding polluting corpora-
16	tions accountable by establishing pen-
17	alties and liabilities for historic, per-
18	sistent, and concentrated pollution in
19	environmental justice communities in
20	a manner that ensures that the costs
21	of those penalties and liabilities are
22	not passed through to ratepayers, con-
23	sumers, or workers;
24	(III) prioritizing investment in
25	remediation of polluted sites located

1	in environmental justice communities,
2	including-
3	(aa) Superfund sites on the
4	National Priorities List developed
5	by the President in accordance
6	with section $105(a)(8)(B)$ of that
7	Act (42 U.S.C. 9605(a)(8)(B));
8	(bb) brownfield sites (as de-
9	fined in section 101 of the Com-
10	prehensive Environmental Re-
11	sponse, Compensation, and Li-
12	ability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C.
13	9601));
14	(cc) abandoned mines and
15	factories; and
16	(dd) retired fossil fuel, de-
17	fense, and nuclear energy sites;
18	(IV) reducing toxic pollution at
19	the source and fortifying the regula-
20	tion and accounting of the cumulative
21	health impacts of toxic pollution;
22	(V) developing provisions to in-
23	crease equitable access to public
24	health resources in historically under-
25	served communities (including rural

- 1communities) and impacted commu-2nities; and
- (VI) recognizing the dispropor-3 4 tionate burden of health impacts in historically underserved communities 5 6 (including rural communities) and im-7 pacted communities and the historic 8 disinvestment in public health re-9 sources, including public hospitals, 10 mental health services, care worker 11 services, and other facilities and serv-12 ices in those communities.
- 13 (v) CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT.—
 14 Avert additional climate and environmental
 15 catastrophe by—
- 16 (I) ensuring that the Federal
 17 spending program supports the emis18 sions reductions necessary—
 19 (aa) to maintain an increase
- in global temperature due to
 global warming of less than 1.5
 degrees Celsius; and
 (bb) to achieve the targets
- 24 described in subsection (b);

	~ _
1	(II) ensuring that the Federal
2	spending program will not expand—
3	(aa) the extraction, proc-
4	essing, or use of fossil fuels or
5	uranium at any level of the sup-
6	ply chain;
7	(bb) the use of emissions
8	offsets;
9	(cc) geoengineering; or
10	(dd) the use of any other en-
11	ergy source that would not pass
12	the environmental justice screen-
13	ing described in subsection
14	(e)(3)(B);
15	(III) investing in—
16	(aa) the protection of eco-
17	systems and biodiversity; and
18	(bb) the sustainable use of
19	natural resources;
20	(IV) requiring the use of climate-
21	resilient designs for infrastructure
22	and low-emissions operations, as ap-
23	plicable;
24	(V) requiring that materials shall
25	be produced with high standards for

1	environmental sustainability, includ-
2	ing
3	(aa) technologically feasible
4	limits on embodied greenhouse
5	gas emissions;
6	(bb) restrictions on toxic
7	pollution; and
8	(cc) requirements for sus-
9	tainable resource use and the
10	protection of ecosystems and bio-
11	diversity;
12	(VI) requiring that materials and
13	appliances meet high environmental
14	performance standards, including
15	standards relating to energy efficiency
16	and climate resilience;
17	(VII) ensuring that environ-
18	mental standards apply across the
19	international supply chain; and
20	(VIII) supporting public and
21	community-based services and actions
22	for increased mitigation of, and adap-
23	tation to, the impacts of climate
24	change, particularly in communities
25	vulnerable to climate impacts, includ-

1	ing flooding, storms, fires, sea-level
2	rise, extreme heat or cold, and other
3	impacts.
4	(vi) Fairness during economic
5	TRANSITION.—Ensure fairness for workers
6	and communities affected by economic
7	transitions by directing funding and sup-
8	port—
9	(I) to displaced workers, includ-
10	ing by providing—
11	(aa) wage and benefit re-
12	placement for a period of not less
13	than 5 years;
14	(bb) housing assistance;
15	(cc) fully funded pensions;
16	(dd) support for crisis, trau-
17	ma, and early retirement;
18	(ee) skills training;
19	(ff) education; and
20	(gg) equitable job placement;
21	(II) to cover local budget short-
22	falls due to the closure of facilities or
23	a decline in economic activity;
24	(III) to economic development
25	and diversification in communities af-

1	fected by economic transitions, includ-
2	ing to address historic injustices, as
3	determined by community- and work-
4	er-led planning processes;
5	(IV) to ensure adequate physical
6	and social infrastructure and services
7	in economically transitioning commu-
8	nities, including—
9	(aa) public health services;
10	(bb) social services;
11	(cc) child care and depend-
12	ent adult care; and
13	(dd) broadband internet in-
14	vestment; and
15	(V) to the reorganization, conver-
16	sion, reclamation, and remediation of
17	closed and abandoned facilities and
18	sites.
19	(vii) Public institutions.—Rein-
20	vest in public institutions that enable all
21	communities and workers to thrive by—
22	(I) preventing privatization of—
23	(aa) any public land, water,
24	or natural resource; or

1	(bb) existing public sector
2	jobs;
3	(II) prioritizing public edu-
4	cational institutions as centers of in-
5	novation and pathways to green collar
6	jobs through investments in vocational
7	and technical education in public
8	schools, trade schools, and community
9	colleges that connect to labor organi-
10	zation apprenticeship and other high-
11	road jobs;
12	(III) directing funding to support
13	and expand public health care sys-
14	tems, public education, and other pub-
15	lic services at the State and local lev-
16	els to address the health, environ-
17	mental, and socioeconomic impacts of
18	climate crises, especially in impacted
19	communities, including by sup-
20	porting—
21	(aa) climate mitigation ef-
22	forts and resilience; and
23	(bb) access to nature; and
24	(IV) directing funding to institu-
25	tional reforms that reorganize the

1	process of Federal decisionmaking re-
2	garding the allocation of funds to
3	make government investments more
4	coordinated, effective, accountable to
5	impacted communities, and appro-
6	priate to respond to the full scale of
7	the major challenges expected to occur
8	during the period of calendar years
9	2022 through 2032.
10	(viii) THRIVE RESOLUTION.—Com-
11	pliance with, as applicable—
12	(I) the labor, equity, and environ-
13	mental provisions described in Senate
14	Resolution 43, 117th Congress, intro-
15	duced on February 8, 2021; and
16	(II) such additional, specific
17	labor, equity, and environmental con-
18	ditions as are required to make the
19	resolution described in subclause (I)
20	operable, as determined by the Presi-
21	dent, based on the advice of the
22	Board under section $4(c)(1)(B)$.
23	(B) Priority groups.—A priority group
24	referred to in subparagraph (A) is any group
25	comprised of low-income and low-wealth individ-

1	uals, subject to the condition that highest pri-
2	ority shall be given to a group comprised of
3	low-income and low-wealth individuals who have
4	been excluded from economic opportunities, in-
5	cluding individuals who are—
6	(i) members of impacted communities;
7	(ii) members of any other groups that
8	have historically experienced discrimination
9	on the basis of race, gender, national ori-
10	gin, or ethnicity (including Black, Indige-
11	nous, Latinx, Arab, Asian, and Pacific Is-
12	lander communities);
13	(iii) immigrants to the United States
14	(regardless of immigration status);
15	(iv) formerly incarcerated individuals;
16	(v) women;
17	(vi) LGBTQIAP+ individuals;
18	(vii) individuals with disabilities or
19	chronic illness;
20	(viii) young or elderly;
21	(ix) young adults exiting the foster
22	care system; and
23	(x) unhoused individuals.

1	(4) PROHIBITIONS.—To be eligible for certifi-
2	cation as a qualified investment program under sub-
3	section (c), a Federal spending program shall not—
4	(A) exacerbate any racial, Indigenous, gen-
5	der, or income disparity;
6	(B) privatize any public infrastructure,
7	service, land, water, or natural resource;
8	(C) violate human rights;
9	(D) destroy any ecosystem;
10	(E) decrease labor organization density or
11	membership;
12	(F) in any investment made under the
13	Federal spending program to upgrade a build-
14	ing, displace any resident or community-serving
15	entity occupying the building; or
16	(G) invest or participate in the use of
17	emissions offset or geoengineering programs.
18	(e) Monitoring.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President, in consulta-
20	tion with the Board, shall monitor qualified invest-
21	ment programs that receive public support under
22	this section to ensure that each qualified investment
23	program—
24	(A) contributes to the policy goals de-
25	scribed in section 2(b); and

1	(B) continues to achieve compliance with
2	all applicable high-road labor, equity, and envi-
3	ronmental conditions under subsection $(d)(3)$.
4	(2) REVOCATION.—The President shall revoke
5	any public support provided under this section for a
6	qualified investment program if the President deter-
7	mines that the qualified investment program—
8	(A) fails to achieve compliance with sub-
9	paragraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1); or
10	(B) displaces workers or depresses wages
11	or benefits due to increased costs associated
12	with participating in the public support pro-
13	gram under this section.
13	gram under this section.
13 14	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY.
13 14 15	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that—
13 14 15 16	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that— (1) the authority, obligations, and fiduciary
 13 14 15 16 17 	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that— (1) the authority, obligations, and fiduciary trust responsibilities of United States to provide pro-
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that— (1) the authority, obligations, and fiduciary trust responsibilities of United States to provide pro- grams and services to Indians Tribes and individual
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that— (1) the authority, obligations, and fiduciary trust responsibilities of United States to provide pro- grams and services to Indians Tribes and individual Indians have been established in—
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that— (1) the authority, obligations, and fiduciary trust responsibilities of United States to provide pro- grams and services to Indians Tribes and individual Indians have been established in— (A) Acts of Congress;
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	gram under this section. SEC. 6. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY. (a) RECOGNITION.—Congress recognizes that— (1) the authority, obligations, and fiduciary trust responsibilities of United States to provide pro- grams and services to Indians Tribes and individual Indians have been established in— (A) Acts of Congress; (B) treaties; and

1	(b) Responsibilities of Administering Agen-
2	CIES.—The head of each administering agency shall, in
3	any relevant agency actions—
4	(1) establish, by regulation, a special initiative
5	that reflects and supports the relationship between
6	the United States and Indian Tribes described in
7	subsection $(a)(2);$
8	(2) confirm that each Indian Tribe may exercise
9	full and inherent civil regulatory and adjudicatory
10	authority over all land and resources within the exte-
11	rior boundaries of the reservation or other land sub-
12	ject to the jurisdiction of the Indian Tribe;
13	(3) establish, by regulation, standards and pro-
14	cedural requirements—
15	(A) to secure free, prior, and informed con-
16	sent of Indian Tribes—
17	(i) to agency actions that affect In-
18	dian land, water, livelihoods, and culture
19	(including off-reservation treaty-reserved
20	rights to hunting, fishing, gathering, and
21	protection of, and access to, sacred sites);
22	and
23	(ii) on an ongoing basis, to any meas-
24	ure or other action carried out by the ad-
25	ministering agency under this Act; and

1	(B) to include consideration of the tangible
2	and intangible cultural heritage, intellectual
3	property, and traditional Indigenous knowledge
4	of Indian Tribes and Indigenous communities in
5	agency actions and programs;
6	(4) take into consideration the provisions and
7	standards contained in the United Nations Declara-
8	tion on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, dated Sep-
9	tember 13, 2007, without qualification;
10	(5)(A) strengthen and support Tribal sov-
11	ereignty by ensuring that all treaties and agreements
12	with Indian Tribes and members of Indian Tribes
13	and Indigenous communities are observed and re-
14	spected in their entirety; and
15	(B) protect and enforce that sovereignty by tak-
16	ing effective measures to extend the fiduciary trust
17	responsibilities of the United States to Indian Tribes
18	to—
19	(i) environmental, socioeconomic, health,
20	education, and agricultural issues; and
21	(ii) trade issues between and among Indig-
22	enous communities, the United States, Canada,
23	and Mexico; and
24	(6) ensure that the standards, processes, and
25	criteria for qualified investment programs of the ad-

ministering agency, and the allocation of funds
under those qualified investment programs, shall
incur obligations relating to a mandatory set-aside
of investments and funding for Indian Tribes and
Indigenous communities.

6 SEC. 7. AGENCY ENFORCEMENT; GAO REPORT.

7 (a) AGENCY ENFORCEMENT.—Not later than 2 years 8 after the date on which public support is initially provided to an administering agency under this Act, the head of 9 the administering agency shall promulgate regulations, in 10 11 consultation with the Board, to ensure that each qualified 12 investment program of the administering agency achieves compliance with applicable high-road labor, equity, and 13 14 environmental conditions, in accordance with existing au-15 thorities, by—

- 16 (1) including in any contract with an imple17 menting entity those high-road labor, equity, and en18 vironmental conditions;
- (2) ensuring that public implementing entities
 receive funding to adequately ensure compliance
 with applicable implementation, monitoring, compliance, and enforcement requirements in a manner
 that avoids establishing any unfunded mandate for
 a Tribal, State, or local government agency;

1	(3) certifying, on an annual basis, that all im-
2	plementing entities throughout the supply chain that
3	benefit from support under the qualified investment
4	program achieve compliance with all applicable high-
5	road labor, equity, and environmental conditions;
6	(4) issuing a warning and directives for correc-
7	tive action relating to instances of noncompliance
8	with applicable high-road labor, equity, and environ-
9	mental conditions;
10	(5) establishing a process for implementing en-
11	tities to appeal the classification of an action as non-
12	compliant with an applicable high-road labor, equity,
13	or environmental condition; and
14	(6) revoking public support from any imple-
15	menting entity that fails to rectify an instance of
16	noncompliance with a high-road labor, equity, or en-
17	vironmental condition, as applicable—
18	(A) for a major instance of noncompliance,
19	by the date that is 60 days after the date of re-
20	ceipt of a warning relating to that instance
21	under paragraph (4); or
22	(B) for a minor instance of noncompliance,
23	by such deadline as the head of the admin-
24	istering agency, in consultation with the Board,
25	may establish.

(b) GAO REPORT.—Not less frequently than once
 every 3 years, the Comptroller General of the United
 States shall prepare and publish a report assessing—

4 (1) the degree of compliance by implementing
5 entities with high-road labor, equity, and environ6 mental conditions; and

7 (2) the relative efficacy of enforcement by ad8 ministering agencies of those high-road labor, equity,
9 and environmental conditions.